



# ACP-610<sup>Q&As</sup>

Managing Jira Projects for Data Center and Server Certification

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## QUESTION 1

You are a project administrator of DEV. Omar is a Jira administrator. Identify two project settings that Omar can update in DEV but you cannot. (Choose two.)

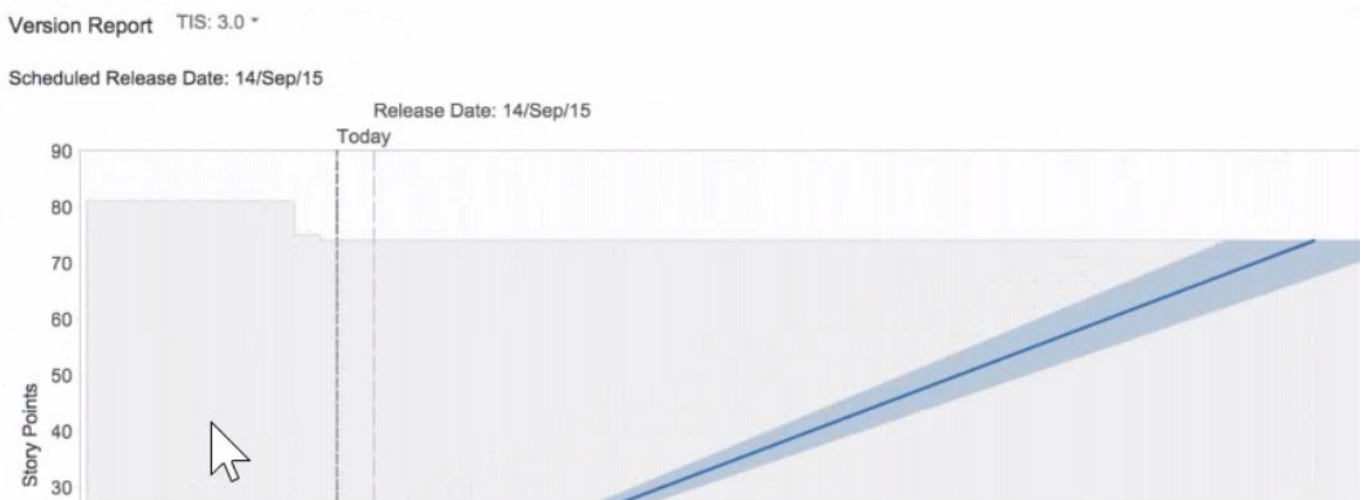
- A. Notification scheme
- B. Project shortcuts
- C. Key
- D. Description
- E. Name
- F. Versions

Correct Answer: AC

As a project administrator of DEV, you can update some project settings such as project shortcuts, description, name, and versions. However, you cannot update the notification scheme or the key of the project, as these are global settings that require Jira administrator permissions. Therefore, the correct answer is A and C. References: Managing project permissions, Managing project notifications, Changing the project key

## QUESTION 2

Review the Version Report: A. The release date that has been added to this version should be reconsidered.



- B. More than 20 story points were burned when this chart was reviewed in July 2015.
- C. Only three issues have been completed in the version, so a predicted end date is not possible.
- D. The team should use time-based estimation, not story points.
- E. There are too many unestimated issues in this version, so any predictions are inaccurate.



Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 3

A product owner is responsible for two scrum teams. He needs to:

1.

see a snapshot displaying key sprint information like time elapsed and percentage of scope change

2.

monitor the overall progress of the next release to determine if it will ship on time

Which two gadgets will show this information? (Choose two.)

- A. Version Report
- B. Issues in progress
- C. Sprint Health Gadget
- D. Activity Stream
- E. Projects
- F. Filter Results

Correct Answer: AC

The Version Report and the Sprint Health Gadget are two gadgets that can show the information that the product owner needs. The Version Report shows the progress of a version by comparing the estimated amount of work to the completed work. The report also shows a projected release date based on the team's average velocity. The product owner can use this report to monitor the overall progress of the next release and determine if it will ship on time. The Sprint Health Gadget shows a snapshot of key sprint information such as time elapsed, percentage of scope change, sprint goal, and team members' availability. The product owner can use this gadget to see how each scrum team is performing in their current sprint and identify any issues or risks. References: Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification Bundle, Version Report, Sprint Health Gadget

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### QUESTION 4

You want to remove some epics from your personal Scrum board, without impacting any other boards. Identify the correct solution.

- A. Exclude them via a quick filter.
- B. Mark them as Done via the Epics panel
- C. Exclude them via the board filter
- D. Exclude them via the board sub filter.
- E. Transition them into an unmapped status.



Correct Answer: D

### QUESTION 5

A shared dashboard displays a gadget that is based on a shared filter.

Currently, each person who views the gadget sees counts of all the issues in a project by status.

The team's requirement is that each person who views the gadget will see counts of only their assigned issues by status.

What must you do in order to meet this requirement?

- A. Configure the "Who can view this filter" setting.
- B. Reconfigure the dashboard viewers.
- C. Use the currentUser() JQL function in the filter.
- D. Replace it with the "Assigned to Me" gadget
- E. Modify the Assignable User permission.

Correct Answer: C

The best way to meet the team's requirement is to use the currentUser() JQL function in the filter. This function returns the current user who is viewing the gadget, and can be used to filter issues by assignee. For example, if the filter is "project = ABC and assignee = currentUser()", then each person who views the gadget will see counts of only their assigned issues by status. This way, you do not need to reconfigure the dashboard viewers or modify the Assignable User permission, which are global settings that affect all users. You also do not need to replace it with the "Assigned to Me" gadget, which does not show counts by status. Configuring the "Who can view this filter" setting does not affect the results of the filter, but only its visibility. References: Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification Bundle, [Advanced searching - functions reference | Jira Software Cloud]

### QUESTION 6

Analyze the component configuration of a project as shown.

Component	Status	Issues	Lead	Description	Default assignee
Login	ACTIVE	2 Issues	Project admin		Component lead
Signoff	ACTIVE	1 Issue	Project admin	Signoff issues	Project default
Test	ARCHIVED	0 Issues		Test	Project lead
UI	ARCHIVED	1 Issue		UI-related issues	Component lead
UX	ACTIVE	0 Issues	admin		Project lead

Dave creates an issue and wants to use the auto-assignment feature of Jira. Which statement is definitely correct?



- A. If UX is selected, the issue will be assigned to admin.
- B. If Login and Signoff are selected, the issue will be assigned to Project admin.
- C. If Signoff is selected, the issue will be assigned to Project admin.
- D. If Test is selected, the issue will be assigned to Project lead.

Correct Answer: C

The component configuration of the project shows that each component has a different default assignee. The default assignee is the user who will be automatically assigned to an issue when that component is selected. The image shows that

the default assignee for the Signoff component is Project admin. Therefore, if Dave creates an issue and selects Signoff as the component, the issue will be assigned to Project admin.

The other options are not correct because:

If UX is selected, the issue will not be assigned to admin, but to Unassigned. The image shows that the default assignee for the UX component is Unassigned, which means that no user will be automatically assigned to an issue with that component.

If Login and Signoff are selected, the issue will not be assigned to Project admin, but to Project lead. The image shows that the default assignee for multiple components is Project lead, which means that if more than one component is

selected, the issue will be assigned to Project lead. If Test is selected, the issue will not be assigned to Project lead, but to Unassigned. The image shows that the default assignee for the Test component is Unassigned, which means that no user will be automatically assigned to an issue with that component.

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## QUESTION 7

Which statement is definitely true about sub-tasks being used on a Scrum board?

- A. Sub-task estimations are rolled up and displayed as the Original Estimate on the parent card.
- B. Sub-tasks can only be created by board administrators
- C. Sub-tasks can be displayed as cards in the Active sprints view.
- D. Sub-tasks can be displayed as cards in the Backlog view.
- E. Sub-tasks will automatically get resolved when the parent is moved to the Done column.

Correct Answer: C

Sub-tasks are a type of issue that can be used to break down a parent issue into smaller and more manageable pieces. Sub-tasks can be displayed as cards in the Active sprints view of a Scrum board, which allows you to track their progress and status. However, sub-task estimations are not rolled up and displayed on the parent card, as they use a different field than the parent issue. Sub-tasks can be created by anyone who has the Create Issue permission in the project, not only by board administrators. Sub-tasks cannot be displayed as cards in the Backlog view, as they are only visible under their parent issues. Sub-tasks will not automatically get resolved when the parent is moved to the Done column, as they have their own workflow transitions and conditions. Therefore, the correct answer is C. References:



[Working with sub-tasks], [Configuring columns]

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### QUESTION 8

You are Tasked with restoring archived sub-tasks in a project.

The project to which the sub-tasks belong has since been archived, as well.

Which is the toned course of action?

- A. restore the parent issues only
- B. restore the project only
- C. restore the parent issues, then the sub-tasks
- D. restore the project, then the sub-tasks
- E. restore the project, then the parent issues

Correct Answer: D

The best course of action is to restore the project, then the sub-tasks. This is because sub-tasks cannot exist without their parent issues, and parent issues cannot exist without their project. Therefore, restoring the project first will ensure that the parent issues are also restored, and then restoring the sub-tasks will re-attach them to their parent issues. Restoring the parent issues only will not restore the sub-tasks, as they are still archived. Restoring the project only will not restore the sub-tasks, as they need to be restored separately. Restoring the parent issues, then the sub-tasks will not work, as the parent issues cannot be restored without their project. Restoring the project, then the parent issues is unnecessary, as the parent issues are already restored with the project. References: [Restoring an archived issue], [Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification Bundle]

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### QUESTION 9

The extract of a permission scheme for a project is shown below.



Permission	Granted to
Administer Projects	Project Role (Administrators)
Browse Projects	Project Role (Viewers) Project Role (Editors)
Assign Issues	Project Role (Assigners) Project Role (Editors)
Assignable User	Project Role (Assignables)
Edit Issues	Project Role (Editors) Project Role (Workers)
Work On Issues	Project Role (Workers)

Clare is joining your team and needs to:

1.

analyze incoming requests with her initials tagged to a label

2.

re-assign requests to subject matter experts

Which project role does Clare need?

- A. Assigners
- B. Viewers
- C. Administrators
- D. Assignables
- E. Workers
- F. Editors

Correct Answer: A

The project role that Clare needs is Assigners. This is because the Assigners role has been granted two permissions that Clare needs: Browse Projects and Assign Issues. The Browse Projects permission allows Clare to see the project and its issues, and the Assign Issues permission allows Clare to re-assign issues to subject matter experts. The other roles do not have both of these permissions. For example, the Viewers role only has the Browse Projects permission,



but not the Assign Issues permission. The Administrators role has both permissions, but also has other permissions that Clare does not need, such as Administer Projects and Delete Issues. The Assignables role only has the Assignable User permission, which allows users to be assigned issues, but not to assign issues to others. The Workers role only has the Work On Issues permission, which allows users to log work on issues, but not to assign issues to others. The Editors role only has the Edit Issues permission, which allows users to modify issue details, but not to assign issues to others. For more information on how project permissions and roles work, see [Understand project permissions and roles](#) and [Manage project permissions](#). References: [Manage project permissions](#), [Understand project permissions and roles](#)

## QUESTION 10

Your team works in a project that uses only one workflow, a simplified workflow. The configuration of the corresponding Kanban board is shown:

Backlog	In Progress	Done
Backlog	In Progress In Test	Done

Which statement is definitely true?

- A. Bugs can be dragged from "In Progress" to "In Test" on this board.
- B. All team members can transition issues from Backlog to In Test.
- C. Issues can be transitioned freely between all workflow statuses
- D. A resolution will be set once an issue is dragged to Done

Correct Answer: A

The statement that is definitely true is that bugs can be dragged from "In Progress" to "In Test" on this board. This is because the board configuration shown in the image has two columns: "In Progress" and "Done". The "In Progress" column has three statuses mapped to it: "To Do", "InProgress", and "In Test". The "Done" column has one status mapped to it: "Done". Therefore, issues can be moved from one status to another within the same column by dragging them on the board. However, issues cannot be moved from one column to another by dragging them on the board, as this would require a workflow transition that is not available in a simplified workflow. A simplified workflow is a default workflow that allows any user with the Edit Issues permission to add or remove statuses on the fly. To move an issue from one column to another, you need to use the workflow button on the issue detail view and select a transition that matches the status of the destination column. References: [Configuring columns](#), [Using a simplified workflow](#)

## QUESTION 11

Max has the "Administer Projects" permission. Two actions are needed in his project.

1.  
create a new custom field
- 2.





add the new custom field to a transition screen

What can Max do?

- A. neither action
- B. only action 2
- C. both actions
- D. only action 1

Correct Answer: B

A custom field is a field that is not part of the default set of Jira system fields. Creating a new custom field requires Jira administration permissions, so Max cannot perform action 1. However, adding an existing custom field to a transition

screen does not require Jira administration permissions, as long as the screen is not shared with other projects or issue types. Therefore, Max can perform action 2 if he has the "Administer Projects" permission and the screen meets the

prerequisites for editing. References: :

<https://support.atlassian.com/jira-software-cloud/docs/what-are-custom-fields/> <https://support.atlassian.com/jira-software-cloud/docs/configure-screens/>

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## QUESTION 12

All stories in your project are linked to epics within the same project. Using a bulk operation, you moved some stories to another project. What happens to the epics?

- A. Epics and epic links are moved automatically.
- B. Epics and epic links are unaffected
- C. Epics are moved automatically but epic links are lost
- D. Epics are unaffected but epic links are lost.

Correct Answer: C

Epics are moved automatically but epic links are lost when stories are moved to another project using a bulk operation. This is because epics are a type of issue, and issues can be moved across projects. However, epic links are a type of issue link, and issue links cannot be moved across projects. Therefore, the stories will lose their epic links after the move, and the epics will remain in the original project. References: [Moving multiple issues], [Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification Bundle]

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## QUESTION 13

Which statement is definitely true about priorities in Jira?

- A. Project administrators can re-order existing priorities in their projects.
- B. Project administrators can create new priorities in their projects.



- C. The same set of priorities is always available in each project.
- D. Jira administrators can create and update global priorities.

Correct Answer: D

Jira administrators can create and update global priorities, which are the default set of priorities available in each project. Project administrators cannot re-order, create, or update priorities in their projects, unless they have Jira administrator access. The same set of priorities is not always available in each project, as Jira administrators can configure priority schemes to assign different priorities to different projects. References: [Configuring priorities], [Managing Jira Projects Data Center and Server: Certification Bundle]

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#### QUESTION 14

You want to update a workflow that is not shared.

You are a project administrator and "Extended project administration" is enabled.

Which two actions can you complete? (Choose two.)

- A. Add a field to a transition screen.
- B. Add a condition to limit who can approve issues,
- C. Add new transitions to the workflow.
- D. Delete transitions from the workflow.
- E. Delete the Review status from Jira

Correct Answer: CD

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#### QUESTION 15

Quang is a project administrator. He added several fields to his project screen. All team members have Edit Issues permission in this project. Which field can definitely be set allproject team member-. "1

- A. Attachment
- B. Assignee
- C. Fix Version/s
- D. Labels
- E. Issue Type

Correct Answer: D

The only field that can definitely be set by all project team members is Labels. Labels are a system field that can be edited by any user who has the Edit Issues permission in the project, regardless of the screen configuration. The other fields may or may not be editable by the project team members, depending on how they are configured in the screen scheme, field configuration scheme, and permission scheme of the project. For example, Attachment requires both the



Edit Issues permission and the Create Attachments permission, Assignee requires both the Edit Issues permission and the Assignable User permission, Fix Version/s requires both the Edit Issues permission and the Resolve Issues permission, and Issue Type requires both the Edit Issues permission and a compatible issue type scheme. For more information on how to configure fields in Jira, see [Configuring fields and screens](#). References: [Configuring fields and screens](#)

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