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# TERRAFORM-ASSOCIATE-003<sup>Q&As</sup>

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## QUESTION 1

One remote backend configuration always maps to a single remote workspace.

- A. True
- B. False

Correct Answer: A

The remote backend can work with either a single remote Terraform Cloud workspace, or with multiple similarly-named remote workspaces (like `networking-dev` and `networking-prod`). The `workspaces` block of the backend configuration determines which mode it uses. To use a single remote Terraform Cloud workspace, set `workspaces.name` to the remote workspace's full name (like `networking-prod`). To use multiple remote workspaces, set `workspaces.prefix` to a prefix used in all of the desired remote workspace names. For example, set `prefix = "networking-"` to use Terraform cloud workspaces with names like `networking-dev` and `networking-prod`. This is helpful when mapping multiple Terraform CLI workspaces used in a single Terraform configuration to multiple Terraform Cloud workspaces<sup>3</sup>. However, one remote backend configuration always maps to a single remote workspace, either by name or by prefix. You cannot use both name and prefix in the same backend configuration, or omit both. Doing so will result in a configuration error<sup>3</sup>.  
References = [Backend Type: remote]<sup>3</sup>

## QUESTION 2

In Terraform HCL, an object type of `object({name=string, age=number})` would match this value.

- A. 

```
{
  name = "John"
  age = fifty two
}
```
- B. 

```
{
  name = "John"
  age = 52
}
```
- C. 

```
{
  name = John
  age = "52"
}
```
- D. 

```
{
  name = John
  age = fifty two
}
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C



D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

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### QUESTION 3

A provider configuration block is required in every Terraform configuration.

Example:

```
provider "provider_name" {  
  ...  
}
```

A. True

B. False

Correct Answer: B

A provider configuration block is not required in every Terraform configuration. A provider configuration block can be omitted if its contents would otherwise be empty. Terraform assumes an empty default configuration for any provider that is not explicitly configured. However, some providers may require some configuration arguments (such as endpoint URLs or cloud regions) before they can be used. A provider's documentation should list which configuration arguments it expects. For providers distributed on the Terraform Registry, versioned documentation is available on each provider's page, via the "Documentation" link in the provider's header<sup>1</sup>.  
References = [Provider Configuration]<sup>1</sup>

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### QUESTION 4

If a DevOps team adopts AWS CloudFormation as their standardized method for provisioning public cloud resources, which of the following scenarios poses a challenge for this team?

A. The team is asked to manage a new application stack built on AWS-native services

B. The organization decides to expand into Azure wishes to deploy new infrastructure

C. The team is asked to build a reusable code based that can deploy resources into any AWS region

D. The DevOps team is tasked with automating a manual, web console-based provisioning.

Correct Answer: B

This is the scenario that poses a challenge for this team, if they adopt AWS CloudFormation as their standardized method for provisioning public cloud resources, as CloudFormation only supports AWS services and resources, and cannot be used to provision infrastructure on other cloud platforms such as Azure.

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### QUESTION 5



What is the Terraform style convention for indenting a nesting level compared to the one above it?

- A. With a tab
- B. With two spaces
- C. With four spaces
- D. With three spaces

Correct Answer: B

This is the Terraform style convention for indenting a nesting level compared to the one above it. The other options are not consistent with the Terraform style guide.

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