

# **DP-600**<sup>Q&As</sup>

Implementing Analytics Solutions Using Microsoft Fabric

# Pass Microsoft DP-600 Exam with 100% Guarantee

Free Download Real Questions & Answers PDF and VCE file from:

https://www.pass4itsure.com/dp-600.html

100% Passing Guarantee 100% Money Back Assurance

Following Questions and Answers are all new published by Microsoft
Official Exam Center

- Instant Download After Purchase
- 100% Money Back Guarantee
- 365 Days Free Update
- 800,000+ Satisfied Customers



#### **QUESTION 1**

You have a Fabric warehouse that contains a table named Staging. Sales. Staging. Sales contains the following columns.

Name	Data type	Nullable
ProductID	Integer	No
ProductName	Varchar(30)	No
SalesDate	Datetime2(6)	No
WholesalePrice	Decimal(18, 2)	Yes
Amount	Decimal(18, 2)	Yes

You need to write a T-SQL query that will return data for the year 2023 that displays ProductID and ProductName arxl has a summarized Amount that is higher than 10,000. Which query should you use?

- A. SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount FROM Staging.Sales WHERE DATEPART(YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023' GROUP BY ProductID, ProductName HAVING SUM(Amount) > 10000 B. SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount FROM Staging.Sales GROUP BY ProductID, ProductName HAVING DATEPART(YEAR.SaleDate) = '2023' AND SUM(Amount) > 10000 C. SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount FROM Staging.Sales WHERE DATEPART(YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023' AND SUM(Amount) > 10000 D. SELECT ProductID, ProductName, SUM(Amount) AS TotalAmount FROM Staging. Sales WHERE DATEPART(YEAR, SaleDate) = '2023' GROUP BY ProductID, ProductName HAVING TotalAmount > 10000
- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Correct Answer: B

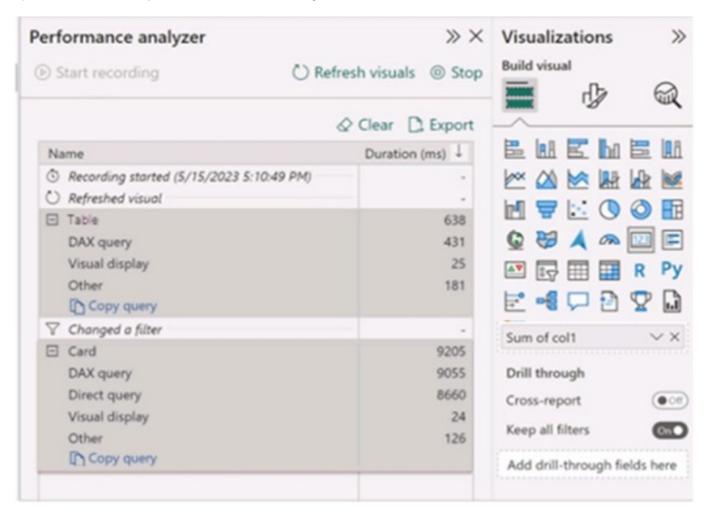
Explanation: The correct query to use in order to return data for the year 2023 that displays ProductID, ProductName, and has a summarized Amount greater than 10,000 is Option B. The reason is that it uses the GROUP BY clause to organize the data by ProductID and ProductName and then filters the result using the HAVING clause to only include groups where the sum of Amount is greater than 10,000. Additionally, the DATEPART(YEAR, SaleDate) = \\'2023\\' part of the HAVING clause ensures that only records from the year 2023 are included. References = For more information,

2024 Latest pass4itsure DP-600 PDF and VCE dumps Download

please visit the official documentation on T-SQL queries and the GROUP BY clause at T-SQL GROUP BY.

#### **QUESTION 2**

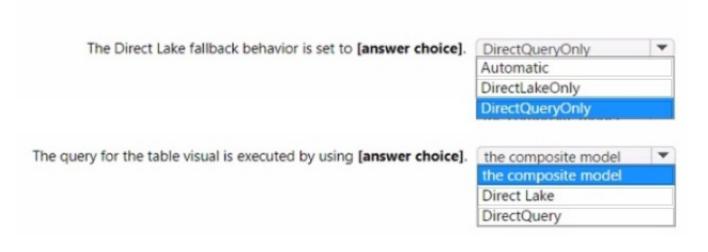
You have a Microsoft Power B1 report and a semantic model that uses Direct Lake mode. From Power Si Desktop, you open Performance analyzer as shown in the following exhibit.



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

2024 Latest pass4itsure DP-600 PDF and VCE dumps Download



Correct Answer:

The Direct Lake fallback behavior is set to [answer choice].	DirectQueryOnly	-
	Automatic	
	DirectLakeOnly	
	DirectOuers/Only	
	DirectQueryOnly	
The guery for the table visual is executed by using [answer sheirs]		-
The query for the table visual is executed by using [answer choice].	the composite model	~
The query for the table visual is executed by using [answer choice].		~

The Direct Lake fallback behavior is set to: DirectQueryOnly The query for the table visual is executed by using: DirectQuery

In the context of Microsoft Power BI, when using DirectQuery in Direct Lake mode, there is no caching of data and all queries are sent directly to the underlying data source. The Performance Analyzer tool shows the time taken for different operations, and from the options provided, it indicates that DirectQuery mode is being used for the visuals, which is consistent with the Direct Lake setting. DirectQueryOnly as the fallback behavior ensures that only DirectQuery will be used without reverting to import mode.

#### **QUESTION 3**

You have a Fabric tenant that contains 30 CSV files in OneLake. The files are updated daily.

You create a Microsoft Power BI semantic model named Modell that uses the CSV files as a data source. You configure incremental refresh for Model 1 and publish the model to a Premium capacity in the Fabric tenant.

When you initiate a refresh of Model1, the refresh fails after running out of resources.

What is a possible cause of the failure?

# VCE & PDF Pass4itSure.com

## https://www.pass4itsure.com/dp-600.html

2024 Latest pass4itsure DP-600 PDF and VCE dumps Download

- A. Query folding is occurring.
- B. Only refresh complete days is selected.
- C. XMLA Endpoint is set to Read Only.
- D. Query folding is NOT occurring.
- E. The data type of the column used to partition the data has changed.

Correct Answer: D

Explanation: A possible cause for the failure is that query folding is NOT occurring (D). Query folding helps optimize refresh by pushing down the query logic to the source system, reducing the amount of data processed and transferred, hence conserving resources. References = The Power BI documentation on incremental refresh and query folding provides detailed information on this topic.

#### **QUESTION 4**

You need to provide Power BI developers with access to the pipeline. The solution must meet the following requirements:

Ensure that the developers can deploy items to the workspaces for Development and Test.

Prevent the developers from deploying items to the workspace for Production.

Follow the principle of least privilege.

Which three levels of access should you assign to the developers? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Build permission to the production semantic models
- B. Admin access to the deployment pipeline
- C. Viewer access to the Development and Test workspaces
- D. Viewer access to the Production workspace
- E. Contributor access to the Development and Test workspaces
- F. Contributor access to the Production workspace

Correct Answer: BDE

Explanation: To meet the requirements, developers should have Admin access to the deployment pipeline (B), Contributor access to the Development and Test workspaces (E), and Viewer access to the Production workspace (D). This setup ensures they can perform necessary actions in development and test environments without having the ability to affect production. References = The Power BI documentation on workspace access levels and deployment pipelines provides guidelines on assigning appropriate permissions.

#### **QUESTION 5**



2024 Latest pass4itsure DP-600 PDF and VCE dumps Download

You have a Fabric tenant that contains a warehouse.

A user discovers that a report that usually takes two minutes to render has been running for 45 minutes and has still not rendered.

You need to identify what is preventing the report query from completing.

Which dynamic management view (DMV) should you use?

A. sys.dm-exec\_requests

B. sys.dn\_.exec.\_sessions

C. sys.dm.\_exec.\_connections

D. sys.dm\_pdw\_exec\_requests

Correct Answer: D

Explanation: The correct DMV to identify what is preventing the report query from completing is sys.dm\_pdw\_exec\_requests (D). This DMV is specific to Microsoft Analytics Platform System (previously known as SQL Data Warehouse), which is the environment assumed to be used here. It provides information about all queries and load commands currently running or that have recently run. References = You can find more about DMVs in the Microsoft documentation for Analytics Platform System.

Latest DP-600 Dumps

DP-600 PDF Dumps

**DP-600 Exam Questions**