C_CPI_15^{Q&As}

SAP Certified Development Associate - SAP Integration Suite

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QUESTION 1

You want to build an architecture that is largely asynchronous. Which design do you use to exchange notifications between the partners involved?

A. Event-driven design

B. Hexagonal design

C. Serverless design

D. Request-driven design

Correct Answer: A

You can use an OData adapter to implement a synchronous call to a remote HTTP API as an integration flow component. An OData adapter allows you to send and receive messages using the OData protocol. OData stands for Open Data Protocol and is a standard for exposing and consuming data over HTTP or HTTPS. You can use an OData adapter to communicate with OData services that support CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on resources. References: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

QUESTION 2

Why does the API Management capability of the SAP Integration Suite require API providers?

A. To incorporate APIs from source systems

B. To create APIs

C. To create authenticated API instances

Correct Answer: A

The API Management capability of the SAP Integration Suite requires API providers to incorporate APIs from source systems. An API provider is a system or application that exposes the interface and functionality of an API. The API Management capability allows you to connect to different types of API providers, such as OData, SOAP, REST, or RFC, and manage their lifecycle, security, and consumption. References: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

QUESTION 3

What does an API consumer do?

A. It provides the server-side implementation of an interface.

B. It invokes an interface.

C. It provides an interface.

Correct Answer: B

An API consumer is an application or system that invokes an interface provided by an API provider. An API consumer uses the interface to access or manipulate data or functionality exposed by the API provider. An API consumer can be a web browser, a mobile app, a cloud service, or any other client that can send requests and receive responses from an API provider. References: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

QUESTION 4

Which of the following are markup languages that you can use to describe APIs? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

A. RAML

B. CXML

C. OpenAPI

D. HTML

Correct Answer: AC

RAML and OpenAPI are markup languages that you can use to describe APIs. RAML stands for RESTful API Modeling Language and is based on YAML. OpenAPI is a specification for describing RESTful APIs and is based on JSON or YAML. Both languages allow you to define the structure, parameters, responses, and documentation of your APIs. References: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

QUESTION 5

How do you configure a SOAP adapter for asynchronous processing?

A. Message Exchange Pattern: Request-Reply Process Settings Robust

B. Message Exchange Pattern: Request-Reply Process Settings WS Standard

C. Message Exchange Pattern: One-Way Process Settings: Robust

D. Message Exchange Pattern: One-Way Process Settings: WS Standard

Correct Answer: D

To configure a SOAP adapter for asynchronous processing, you must set the message exchange pattern to one-way and the process settings to WS standard. The message exchange pattern defines how the sender and receiver communicate with each other using SOAP messages. The one-way pattern means that the sender sends a message to the receiver without expecting a response. The process settings define how the SOAP adapter handles errors and acknowledgements during message processing. The WS standard setting means that the SOAP adapter uses WS-ReliableMessaging protocol to ensure reliable delivery of messages and WS-Addressing protocol to identify the endpoints and actions of messages. References: Configure the SOAP (SOAP 1.x) Sender Adapter | SAP Help Portal, Configure the SOAP (SOAP 1.x) Receiver Adapter | SAP Help Portal