



# C\_CPI\_15<sup>Q&As</sup>

SAP Certified Development Associate - SAP Integration Suite

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**QUESTION 1**

You have set up a basic authentication policy, but the API proxy returns an HTTP status of 401. What could be a reason?

- A. In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="postFlow"
- B. In the AssignMessage policy, the Assign To tag has the type="response"
- C. In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="request"
- D. In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="preflow"

Correct Answer: B

A possible reason why the API proxy returns an HTTP status of 401 after setting up a basic authentication policy is that in the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="response". This means that the basic authentication value is assigned to the response header instead of the request header. This will cause an authentication failure when calling the backend server or service that requires basic authentication. To fix this issue, you should change the type attribute of the AssignTo tag to type="request". This will ensure that the basic authentication value is assigned to the request header before sending it to the target endpoint. References: Basic Authentication | SAP Help Portal, Assign Message Policy | SAP Help Portal

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**QUESTION 2**

What can you do in the Cloud Integration capability within SAP Integration Suite? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question

- A. Connect to different cloud runtime environments.
- B. Connect to multiple endpoints.
- C. Develop custom adapters.
- D. Develop complex integration scenarios in Python.

Correct Answer: BC

In the Cloud Integration capability within SAP Integration Suite, you can do the following things:

Connect to multiple endpoints. You can use various adapters and protocols to connect to different systems and applications, such as SAP S/4HANA, Salesforce, SuccessFactors, and more.

Develop custom adapters. You can use the Adapter Development Kit (ADK) to create your own adapters for specific integration scenarios and requirements. References: Integration Software | SAP Integration Suite, Modernize Integration with

SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

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**QUESTION 3**



You want to set up Exchange Properties in an integration flow. Besides a Content Modifier, what can you use?

- A. Python scripting
- B. Groovy SDK scripting
- C. Batch scripting
- D. XML scripting

Correct Answer: B

The Groovy SDK scripting can be used to set up Exchange Properties in an integration flow. The Groovy SDK scripting allows you to access and manipulate message headers, properties, and payloads using Groovy scripts. You can use the `setProperty` method to set an Exchange Property with a name and a value. References: Modernize Integration with SAP Integration Suite | openSAP

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#### QUESTION 4

Which functionalities are used by OData?

- A. HTTP, AtomPub, and JSON
- B. TCP, AtomPub, and JSON
- C. SOAP, AtomPub, and JSON

Correct Answer: A

OData uses HTTP, AtomPub, and JSON as its core functionalities. OData is an open protocol that allows the creation and consumption of queryable and interoperable RESTful APIs in a simple and standard way. OData builds on HTTP as the application protocol for transferring data between clients and servers. OData uses AtomPub as one of the formats for representing data feeds and entries in XML. OData also uses JSON as another format for representing data feeds and entries in a lightweight and human-readable way. References: Introducing OData - SAP Learning, OData Overview | OData - The Best Way to REST

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#### QUESTION 5

You configured a content modifier as follows: Action Create. Name: ProductID. Source Type: XPath. Source Value: `//ProductID`. Data Type: java lang string. After testing the content modifier, you receive an error message that contains the

following fragment:

`java.lang.ClassNotFoundException java lang string`. What caused the error message?

- A. Incorrect name
- B. Incorrect source value
- C. Incorrect source type
- D. Incorrect data type



Correct Answer: D

The error message is caused by an incorrect data type in the content modifier configuration. The data type should be `java.lang.String` instead of `java lang string`. The data type defines the type of the value that will be stored in the header or property of the message. It should match one of the supported Java classes, such as `java.lang.String`, `java.lang.Integer`, `java.lang.Boolean`, and so on. If the data type is not valid, a `java.lang.ClassNotFoundException` will be thrown. References: Content Modifier | SAP Help Portal, Getting clear with SAP Integration Suite Content Modifier | SAP Blogs

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