C_ABAPD_2309^{Q&As}

SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud

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QUESTION 1

In which products must you use the ABAP Cloud Development Model? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

A. SAP S/4HANA Cloud, private edition

B. SAP BTP, ABAP environment

C. SAP S/4HANA on premise

D. SAP S/4HANA Cloud, public edition

Correct Answer: AB

The ABAP Cloud Development Model is the ABAP development model to build cloud-ready business apps, services, and extensions. It comes with SAP BTP and SAP S/4HANA. It works with public or private cloud, and even on-premise1. However, thecomplete ABAP Cloud Development Model, including the cloud-optimized ABAP language and public local SAP APIs and extension points, is available only in SAPBTPABAP Environment and in the 2208/2022 versions of the SAP S/4HANA editions1. Therefore, you must use the ABAP Cloud Development Model in SAP BTP, ABAP environment and SAP S/4HANA Cloud, private edition. You can also use it in SAP S/4HANA on premise, but it is not mandatory. You cannot use it in SAP S/4HANA Cloud, public edition, because it does not allow custom ABAP code2. References: 1: ABAP Cloud | SAP Blogs 2: SAP S/4HANA Cloud Extensibility ?Overview and Comparison | SAP Blogs

QUESTION 2

When does SAP recommend to use a sorted or a hashed table respectively? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

A. A hashed table, when you read a single record and specify the complete key.

B. A hashed table, when you read a subset in a loop and specify a part of the key from the left without gaps.

C. A sorted table, when you read a subset in a loop and specify a part of the key from the left ^ without gaps.

D. A sorted table, when you read a single record and specify non key fields.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 3

Using ABAP SQL, which select statement selects the mat field on line #17?

A. SELECT mat FROM Material...

B. SELECT mat FROM demo_sales_cds_so_i_ve...

C. SELECT mat FROM demo_sales_so_i...

D. SELECT mat FROM demo sales cds material ve...

Correct Answer: B

Using ABAP SQL, the select statement that selects the mat field on line #17 is:

SELECT mat FROM demo_sales_cds_so_i_ve...

This statement selects the mat field from the CDS view demo_sales_cds_so_i_ve, which is defined on line #1. The CDS view demo_sales_cds_so_i_ve is a projection view that projects the fields of the CDS view demo_sales_cds_so_i, which

is defined on line #2. The CDS view demo_sales_cds_so_i is a join view that joins the fields of the database table demo_sales_so_i, which is defined on line #3, and the CDS view demo_sales_cds_material_ve, which is defined on line #4.

The CDS view demo_sales_cds_material_ve is a value help view that provides value help for the material field of the database table demo_sales_so_i. The mat field is an alias for the material field of the database table demo_sales_so_i,

which is defined on line #91.

The other options are not valid because:

A. SELECT mat FROM Material... is not valid because Material is not a valid data source in the given code. There is no CDS view or database table named Material. C. SELECT mat FROM demo_sales_so_i... is not valid because demo_sales_so_i is not a valid data source in the given code. There is no CDS view named demo_sales_so_i, only a database table. To access a database table, the keyword TABLE must be used, such as SELECT mat FROM TABLE demo_sales_so_i... D. SELECT mat FROM demo sales cds material ve... is not valid because demo sales cds material ve is not a valid data source in the given code. There is no CDS view or database table named demo sales cds material ve. The correct name of the CDS view is demo_sales_cds_material_ve, with underscores instead of spaces.
References: 1: Projection Views - ABAP Keyword Documentation

QUESTION 4

You are given the following information:

```
1    SELECT SINGLE *
2    FROM SPFLI
3    WHERE CARRID = 'LH' AND CONNID = '1234'
4    INTO @data(ls)
```

1.

The data source "spfli" on line #2 is an SAP HANA database table

2.

"spfli" will be a large table with over one million rows.

3.

This program is the only one in the system that accesses the table.

4.

This program will run rarely.

Based on this information, which of the following general settings should you set for the spfli database table? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

A. "Storage Type" to "Column Store"

B. "Load Unit to "Column Loadable"

C. "Storage Type" to "Row Store"

D. "Load Unit\\' to \\'Page Loadable"

Correct Answer: CD

Based on the given information, the spfli database table should have the following general settings: "Storage Type" to "Row Store": This setting determines how the data is stored in the SAP HANA database. Row store is suitable for tables that are accessed by primary key or by a small number of columns. Column store is suitable for tables that are accessed by a large number of columns or by complex analytical queries. Since the spfli table is a large table with over one million rows, and this program is the only one in the system that accesses the table, it is likely that the program will use primary key access or simple queries to access the table. Therefore, row store is a better choice than column store for this table12. "Load Unit" to "Page Loadable": This setting determines how the data is loaded into the memory when the table is accessed. Page loadable means that the data is loaded in pages of 16 KB each, and only the pages that are needed are loaded. Column loadable means that the data is loaded in columns, and only the columns that are needed are loaded. Since the spfli table is a row store table, and this program will run rarely, it is more efficient to use page loadable than column loadable for this table. Page loadable will reduce the memory consumption and the loading time of the table13. References: 1: Table Types in SAP HANA | SAP Help Portal 2: [Row Store vs Column Store in SAP HANA | SAP Blogs] 3: [Load Unit | SAP Help Portal]

QUESTION 5

Image:

(Sorry, we do not have a more clear image. If we have a better resource for the image, we will update this one immediately.) In the following ABAP SQL code, what are valid case distinctions? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

☐ A.
```
SELECT FROM dbtab1 FIELDS F1,
CASE
WHEN F2 = '1' THEN 'Value 1
WHEN f2'2' THEN 'Value 2' ELSE "Value for the rest' END AS f case
INTO TABLE @et t1.
```

☐ B.
```
SELECT FROM dbtab1 FIELDS f1,
CASE f2
WHEN '1' THEN 'Value 1'
WHEN '2' THEN 'Value 2'
ELSE "Value for the rest' END AS f_case
INTO TABLE @gt_t1.
```

☐ C.
```
SELECT FROM dbtab1 FIELDS F1,
CASE f2,
WHEN '1' THEN 'Value 1',
WHEN '2' THEN 'Value 2',
WHEN OTHERS "Value for the rest", ENDCASE AS f_case
INTO TABLE @gt t1.
```

☐ D.
```
SELECT FROM dbtab1 FIELDS F1,
CASE
WHEN F2 = '1' THEN "Value 1' WHEN f2 < f3 AND f2 = '2' THEN "Value 2'
WHEN OTHERS 'Value for the rest' ENDCASE AS f_case
INTO TABLE @gt t1.
```

A. Option A

B. Option B

C. Option C

D. Option D

Correct Answer: AB

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